

# PRODUCTION AND RESERVES SUMMARY

## Copper

### Copper Production Summary

Facility	Product	Year ended	Year ended
		31 March 2010	31 March 2009
		mt	mt
Tuticorin	Copper anode	333,924	313,284
	Sulphuric acid	1,036,353	987,473
	Phosphoric acid	205,844	163,607
	Copper cathode	154,177	139,705
	Copper rods	55,893	76,292
Silvassa	Copper cathode	180,024	173,127
	Copper rods	140,989	143,587
KCM	Copper cathode	172,828	132,931

### Copper Mining Summary

Mine	Type of mine	Ore mined		Copper concentrate		Copper in concentrate	
		31 March 2010	31 March 2009	31 March 2010	31 March 2009	31 March 2010	31 March 2009
		mt	mt	mt	mt	mt	mt
Mt Lyell (CMT)	Underground	1,875,970	2,558,100	84,227	98,755	23,777	27,421
Konkola (KCM)	Underground	8,365,571	8,813,986	241,882	253,810	78,905	81,435

### Copper Mine Resource and Reserve Summary

Mine	Type of mine	Resources				Reserves	
		Measured and indicated	Copper grade	Inferred	Copper grade	Proved and probable reserves	Copper grade
		million mt	%	million mt	%	million mt	%
Mt Lyell (CMT)	Underground	4.0	1.4	20.3	1.1	9.5	1.2
Konkola (KCM)	Underground	248.8	1.2	199.8	2.8	258.0	2.0

Resources are additional to Reserves

## Aluminium, Alumina and Bauxite

### Aluminium Production Summary

Company	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2010	31 March 2009
		mt
BALCO	268,425	356,781
MALCO	-	23,224
VAL	264,315	82,061

### Alumina Production Summary

Company	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2010	31 March 2009
		mt
BALCO	42,896	197,947
MALCO	-	43,377
VAL	762,195	585,597

### Bauxite Production Summary

Company	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2010	31 March 2009
		mt
BALCO – Mainpat	486,429	565,846
BALCO – Bodai Daldali	300,000	300,250
MALCO	-	262,976

## Bauxite Mine Resource and Reserve Summary

Mine	Resources				Reserves	
	Measured and indicated million mt	Aluminium grade %	Inferred million mt	Aluminium grade %	Proved and probable reserves million mt	Aluminium grade %
<b>BALCO</b>						
Manipat	-	-	5.0	48.1	2.8	48.6
Bodai-Daldali	-	-	2.0	48.0	3.5	48.8
Pandrapat	-	-	8.0	48.0	-	-
Jamirapat	-	-	15.7	50.5	-	-
<b>Total BALCO</b>	-	-	<b>30.7</b>	<b>49.3</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>48.7</b>
<b>MALCO</b>						
Yercaud	-	-	-	-	0.04	42.0
Kolli Hills	1.3	44.0	1.3	44.0	0.11	44.0
Poondi	-	-	1.6	44.0	-	-
<b>Total MALCO</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>44.0</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>44.0</b>	<b>0.15</b>	<b>43.0</b>
<b>VAL</b>						
Lanjigarh	-	-	-	-	77.7	46.5
<b>Total Bauxite</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>44.0</b>	<b>33.6</b>	<b>48.8</b>	<b>84.2</b>	<b>46.6</b>

Resources are additional to Reserves

## Zinc and Lead

### Zinc and Lead Production Summary:

Company	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2010 mt	31 March 2009 mt
<b>HZL</b>		
Zinc	578,411	551,724
Lead	64,319	60,322

### Zinc and Lead Mining Summary:

#### a) Metal mined & metal concentrate

Mine	Type of mine	Ore mined		Zinc concentrate		Lead concentrate	
		31 March 2010 mt	31 March 2009 mt	31 March 2010 mt	31 March 2009 mt	31 March 2010 mt	31 March 2009 mt
Rampura Agucha	Open cut	5,135,625	4,953,110	1,155,849	1,114,048	89,205	92,151
Rajpura Dariba	Underground	501,282	483,293	36,865	36,531	7,456	8,174
Sindesar Khurd	Underground	444,715	299,995	38,007	23,141	13,372	9,571
Zawar	Underground	1,020,250	944,300	-	29,257	-	15,049
<b>Total</b>		<b>7,101,872</b>	<b>6,680,698</b>	<b>1,230,721</b>	<b>1,202,977</b>	<b>110,033</b>	<b>124,945</b>

#### b) Metal in Concentrate (MIC)

Mine	Type of mine	Zinc in concentrate		Lead in concentrate	
		31 March 2010 mt	31 March 2009 mt	31 March 2010 mt	31 March 2009 mt
Rampura Agucha	Open cut	612,937	591,743	55,098	56,946
Rajpura Dariba	Underground	21,960	19,698	5,345	4,930
Sindesar Khurd	Underground	19,753	11,866	8,036	5,347
Zawar	Underground	28,122	28,187	17,368	16,578
<b>Total</b>		<b>682,772</b>	<b>651,494</b>	<b>85,847</b>	<b>83,802</b>

## Zinc and Lead Mine Resource and Reserve Summary

Mine	Resources						Reserves		
	Measured and indicated million mt	Zinc grade %	Lead grade %	Inferred million mt	Zinc grade %	Lead grade %	Proved and probable reserves million mt	Zinc grade %	Lead grade %
Rampura Agucha	21.0	14.7	1.9	23.6	11.8	1.9	75.7	14.2	2.0
Rajpura Dariba	7.6	7.8	2.3	26.8	8.1	2.0	7.8	6.3	1.4
Zawar	24.7	5.0	1.8	28.7	4.8	2.7	7.9	3.7	2.0
Kayar	2.3	12.6	1.9	6.7	10.0	1.7	-	-	-
Sindesar Khurd	17.3	5.7	3.5	32.8	5.0	3.4	10.7	5.5	3.0
Bamnia Kalan	1.7	5.3	1.8	3.4	5.0	3.8	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>74.5</b>	<b>8.4</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>122.0</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>102.1</b>	<b>11.9</b>	<b>2.0</b>

Resources are additional to Reserves

## Iron ore

### Iron Ore Production Summary

Company	Year ended	Year ended
	31 March 2010	31 March 2009
	mt	mt
<b>Sesa Goa</b>		
Saleable Iron Ore	21.4	16.0
Goa	12.0	11.2
Karnataka	4.0	2.8
Orissa	1.9	2.0
Dempo	3.6	-

### Iron Ore Resource and Reserve Summary

Mine	Resources				Reserves	
	Measured and indicated million mt	iron ore grade %	Inferred million mt	Iron ore grade %	Proved and probable reserves million mt	Iron ore grade %
Ore:	86.4	56.8	55.49	54.0	210.8	59.5

1. Comprises mines that Sesa owns or has rights to.

Resources are additional to Reserves

**Source Of information:**

In respect of All businesses, the information has been certified by in house geologist on behalf of Group management.

**Basis of Preparation**

Ore reserves and mineral resources reported herein comply with the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Identified Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves', other than those relating to Konkola Copper Mines plc ('KCM') which complies with the South African Code for Reporting of Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources (the 'SAMREC Code'). The former code is prepared by the Joint Ore Reserves Committee of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, Australian Institute of Geoscientists, and Minerals Council of Australia, and is commonly referred to as the 'JORC Code'. As at the date of this document, the editions of the JORC and SAMREC Codes in force are dated December 2004 and March 2000, respectively. The JORC and SAMREC Codes recognise a fundamental distinction between resources and reserves.

The terms and definitions in the SAMREC Code are consistent with those used in the JORC Code with minor differences in terminology – the JORC Code uses the term Ore Reserve whilst the SAMREC Code uses the term Mineral Reserve. For the purposes of ore and mineral resources reported herein, the term ore resources have been used throughout.

Mineral resources are based on mineral occurrences quantified on the basis of geological data and an assumed cut-off grade, and are divided into Measured, Indicated and Inferred categories reflecting decreasing confidence in geological and/or grade continuity. The reporting of resource estimates carries the implication that there are reasonable prospects for eventual economic exploitation. An Ore or Mineral Reserve is the economically mineable part of a Measured or Indicated Mineral Resource. It includes the effect of dilution and losses which may occur when the material is mined. Appropriate assessments, which may include feasibility studies, need to have been carried out and include consideration of and modification by realistically assumed mining, metallurgical, economic, marketing, legal, environmental, social and governmental factors.

These assessments demonstrate at the time of reporting that extraction could be reasonably justified. Ore Reserves are sub-divided in order of decreasing confidence into Proved Ore Reserves and Probable Ore Reserves.

The Measured and Indicated mineral resources have been reported as being inclusive of those mineral resources modified to produce the ore reserves, in addition to the ore reserves. The resource and reserve estimates provided herein comply with the resource and reserve definitions of the JORC Code, other than those relating to KCM which comply with the SAMREC Code.